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REVISION OF THE FAMILY NECROPHASMATIDAE (INSECTA: CNEMIDOESTIDA)

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Summary. The type genus of the family Necrophasmatidae, *Necrophasma* Martynov, 1925 from Karatau (Upper Jurassic of Kazakhstan), is re-described. The monotypic family Juraperlidae from Daohugou (Middle Jurassic of China) is synonymized under Necrophasmatidae (Cnemidoestida). The genus *Ferganomadygenia* Storozhenko et Vršanský, 1995 from Madygen (Middle Triassic of Kyrgyzstan) is included in this family, which also contains the type genus and *Juraperla* Huang et Nel, 2007. The family Necrophasmatidae is placed in the suborder Parapterina of the order Cnemidoestida.

Key words: Insecta, Cnemidoestida, Parapterina, taxonomy, Triassic, Jurassic.

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Резюме. Переописан типовой род семейства Necrophasmatidae – *Necrophasma* Martynov, 1925 из Карагатай (верхняя юра Казахстана). Монотипичное семейство Juraperlidae из Даохугуоу (средняя юра Китая) сведено в синонимы к Necrophasmatidae (Cnemidoestida). В семейство, кроме типового рода и *Juraperla* Huang et Nel, 2007, включен род *Ferganomadygenia* Storozhenko et Vršanský, 1995 из Мадыгена (средний триас Кыргызстана). Necrophasmatidae отнесено к подотряду Parapterina отряда Cnemidoestida.

INTRODUCTION

The family Necrophasmidae was placed by different authors in different suborders and superfamilies of phasmids, namely order Phasmatodea: suborder Necrophasmatoidea (Martynov, 1925; 1938); suborder Chresmododea (Martynova, 1962); superfamily Xiphopteroidea (Sharov, 1968); superfamily Aeroplanoidea (Vishnyakova, 1980). Some authors voiced their doubts about the placement of Necrophasmidae in the phasmid order, but nevertheless discussed them within Phasmatida (Sharov, 1968; Nel *et al.*, 2004) or did not discuss them at all (Gorokhov, 1993).

The genus *Necrophasma* is distinguished from phasmids in the absence of alignment of veins subparallel to the wing margins, and in the division of M rather proximally, in the basal

quarter of the wing. In my opinion, this genus has no substantial differences from representatives of Juraperlidae (Huang & Nel, 2007; Cui *et al.*, 2010; Aristov, 2016), and the family Juraperlidae is therefore synonymized here under Necrophaasmidae. In the original description the family Juraperlidae was placed in the order Grylloblattida (Huang & Nel, 2007). The genus *Ferganomadygenia*, originally described in the family Tunguskapteridae of the order Grylloblattida (Storozhenko & Vršanský, 1995), was mentioned but not placed in Juraperlidae in the original description of that family (Huang & Nel, 2007). It was placed in Juraperlidae later, and the family itself was placed in the order Cnemidolestida (suborder Parmaterina: Aristov, 2016). In my opinion, the family Necrophaasmidae also belongs to this order.

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TAXONOMY

CLASS INSECTA LINNÉ, 1758

Infraclass Grylloidea Laicharting, 1781

Superorder Perlidea Latreille, 1802

Order Cnemidolestida Handlirsch, 1937

Cnemidolestodea Handlirsch, 1937: 63.

Cnemidolestida: Aristov, 2014: 5; Aristov, 2016: 14.

Suborder Parmapterina Aristov, 2016

Parmapterina: Aristov, 2016: 14.

Family Necrophaasmidae Martynov, 1925

Necrophaasmidae Martynov, 1925: 584; Martynov, 1938: 127; Martynova, 1962: 160; Sharov, 1968: 111; Vishnyakova, 1980: 173; Gorokhov, 1993: 112; Nel *et al.*, 2004: 34.

Juraperlidae Huang & Nel, 2007: 837; Cui *et al.*, 2010: 710; Aristov, 2016: 19; **syn. n.**

Type genus: *Necrophasma* Martynov, 1925.

DESCRIPTION. Anterior margin of forewing changing from concave to convex (in *Juraperla grandis* convex from base to apex). Costal area in basal half of wing wider than subcostal area. False costa (“C”) ending proximal of wing middle joining C or bifurcating and joining both C and SC. SC ending distal of wing middle joining C or bifurcating and joining both C and R. RS beginning around wing middle, simple. M₅ and first bifurcation of M close to each other; MA and MP simple. CuA dividing into CuA₁, with CuA₁ dividing distal of its middle, and CuA₂, with CuA₂ simple or with short fork. CuP simple (in *Ferganomadygenia* with very short fork). Veins in distal half of wing with sharp curves at junctures with crossveins (except in *Juraperla grandis*). Crossveins simple or, in fewer cases, Y-shaped or forming double row of cells.

DIAGNOSIS. The family is distinguished from all families of the suborder Parmapterina by the presence of the false costa (“C”). This character is absent in any other family of the suborder (Aristov, 2016).

COMPOSITION. Three genera: monotypic *Necrophasma* Martynov, 1925 from Karatau locality (Kazakhstan, South Kazakhstan Region; Middle-Upper Jurassic, Karabastau Formation), monotypic *Ferganomadygenia* Storozhenko et Vršanský, 1995 from Madygen locality

(Kyrgyzstan, Osh Region; Middle Triassic, Ladinian Stage, Madygen Formation) and *Juraperla* Huang et Nel, 2007 with two species from Daohugou locality (China, Inner Mongolia; Middle Jurassic, Jiulongshan Formation).

Key to genera of the family Necrophaasmidae

- 1(2) "C" ending in basal quarter of wing; CuA₂ with bifurcation
..... *Ferganomadygenia* Storozhenko et Vršanský, 1995
- 2(1) "C" ending distal of basal one-third of wing; CuA₂ simple.
- 3(4) Forewing 4.9 times as long as wide; M₅ joining CuA proximal of its division into CuA₁ and CuA₂ *Necrophaasma* Martynov, 1925
- 4(3) Forewing 3–3.6 times as long as wide; M₅ joining CuA around its division into CuA₁ and CuA₂ *Juraperla* Huang et Nel, 2007

Genus *Necrophaasma* Martynov, 1925

Necrophaasma Martynov, 1925: 584; Martynov, 1938: 127; Martynova, 1962: 160; Sharov, 1968: 112; Nel et al., 2004: 34.

Type species: *Necrophaasma shabarovi* Martynov, 1925.

DESCRIPTION. Forewing 4.9 times as long as wide. Wing apex pointed. "C" joining C near distal boundary of basal one-third of wing. SC joining C immediately distal of wing middle. Base of M₅ and first bifurcation of M not close to each other. M₅ joining CuA proximal of its division into CuA₁ and CuA₂. CuA₁ and A₁ dividing; CuA₂ and A₂ simple.

SPECIES INCLUDED. Type species only.

Necrophaasma shabarovi Martynov, 1925

Figs 1, 2

Necrophaasma shabarovi Martynov, 1925: 584, fig. 8; Martynov, 1938: 127, fig. 65; Martynova, 1962: 160, fig. 423; Sharov, 1968: 112, fig. 42zh; Nel et al., 2004: 34.

MATERIAL. Holotype PIN, No 1787/90, positive imprint of forewing; Kazakhstan: South Kazakhstan Region, Baidibekskii District, Mikhailovka Village; Middle-Upper Jurassic, Karabastau Formation; in PIN.

DESCRIPTION. Slender longitudinal vein running between "C" and SC. CuA₁ and A₁ with three branches each. Crossveins simple, equal in width to longitudinal veins, and simple and Y-shaped in medial area. Coloration near wing base and as longitudinal vein along anterior margin in central part of wing; veins colored; wing membrane covered with small hairs.

MEASUREMENTS. Forewing length 25 mm.

Genus *Ferganomadygenia* Storozhenko et Vršanský, 1995

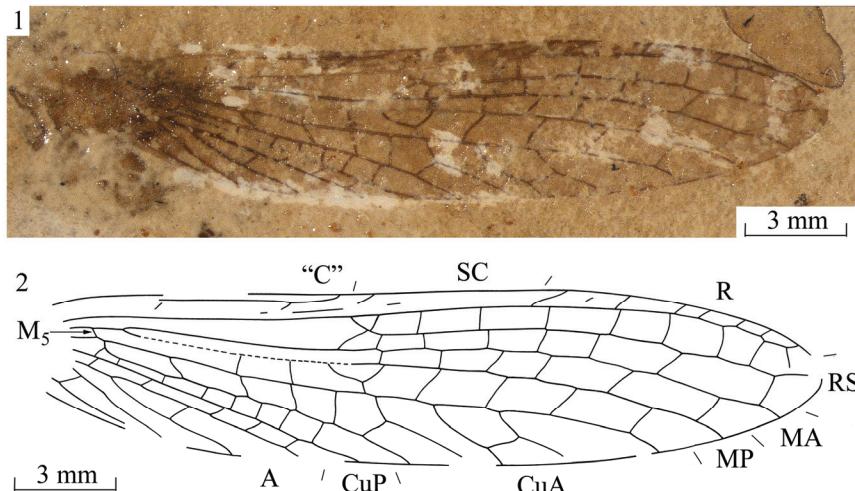
Ferganomadygenia Storozhenko & Vršanský, 1995: 1; Storozhenko, 1998: 125; Aristov, 2016: 19.

Type species: *Ferganomadygenia plicata* Storozhenko et Vršanský, 1995.

DESCRIPTION. Forewing 3.1 times as long as wide. Wing apex rounded. "C" joining C near in basal quarter of wing. SC ending in bifurcation joining C and R in distal quarter of

wing. Base of M_5 and first bifurcation of M close to each other. M_5 joining CuA near its division into CuA₁ and CuA₂. CuA₂ with short fork.

SPECIES INCLUDED. Type species only.



Figs 1, 2. *Necrophasma shabarovi* Martynov, 1925 (Cnemidolestida: Necrophasmatidae), holotype PIN, No 1787/90, forewing; Karatau locality, Kazakhstan; Upper Jurassic.

Genus *Juraperla* Huang et Nel, 2007

Juraperla Huang & Nel, 2007: 837; Cui et al., 2010: 710; Aristov, 2016: 19.

Type species: *Juraperla daohugouensis* Huang et Nel, 2007.

DESCRIPTION. Forewing 3–3.6 times as long as wide. Wing apex pointed. “C” ending in bifurcation joining C and SC distal of basal quarter of wing. SC ending in bifurcation joining C and R near proximal boundary of distal one-third of wing. Base of M_5 and first bifurcation of M close to each other. M_5 joining CuA near its division into CuA₁ and CuA₂. CuA₂ simple.

SPECIES INCLUDED. Type species and *J. grandis* Cui, Béthoux, Shih et Ren, 2010.

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