SHORT COMMUNICATION


The genus Ctenonomia Cameron, 1903 is the major group of Halictini in Africa and tropical Asia. It occurs throughout sub-Saharan Africa from Senegal to Sudan and Ethiopia, south to KwoZuluNatal Province in South Africa, east to Madagascar, Yemen, Iraq, Iran, India, Gansu Province of China, northern Honshu in Japan, the Philippines, and Taiwan. From southern Asia it ranges southward through Indonesia to New Guinea, Australia as far south as Victoria, and islets in the Indian Ocean such as the Seychelles. The genus includes about 200 species from which only one is distributed in Eastern Palaearctic region. The nests of Ctenonomia are little known [1, 2].

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Ctenonomia blakistoni (Sakagami et Munakata, 1990)
Figs 1, 2

MATERIAL. Russia: Primorskii krai, 5 km NE Dvoryanka, 4.VII 2009, 1 Ε (Loktionov).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia (new record): Primorskii krai. – Japan: Honshu [3].

Figs. 1-2. Ctenonomia blakistoni. 1) posterior surface of propodeum, 2) hind tibial spur.

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